



Kāsiga School

Sample Question Paper

English

Hindi

Math

Science

For admission to class 6

Time: 2 Hrs

Total: 200 marks

English

Q1. Create one paragraph which answers the following three questions:

(10)

- a) Why did Nikhil ask Shreesh about his brother?
- b) Was the stapler still in his desk?
- c) Why did Udayn need it?

Q2. You are Shovik Kumar, residing in 1545, NaiBasti Delhi. Write a letter to the Director of Police, drawing his attention to the deteriorating law and order situation in the city. (10)

Q3. Use each of the following clauses in a sentence: (5)

a) Since it was raining.

b) When I shall return.

c) When his father died.

d) When the train arrives.

e) As he is the fastest runner.

Q4. Insert the correct tense of verb in the following (5)

a) I do it because I _____ to. (to choose)

b) He advanced as far as he _____ (to dare).

c) He stayed at home because he _____ feeling ill. (to be)

d) He _____ so hard that he is certain to succeed. (to work)

e) I would not attempt it if you _____ me. (to ask)

Q5. In each of the following sentences supply a Verb in agreement with its Subject: (5)

a) The cost of all these articles _____ risen.

b) The jury _____ divided in the opinions.

c) That night every one of the boat's crew _____ down with fever.

d) One or the other of those fellows _____ stolen the watch.

e) No news _____ good news.

Q6. Complete the following sentences by filling in 'a' or 'an' or 'the' as may be suitable. (5)

a) _____ sun shines brightly.

b) I first met him _____ year ago.

c) _____ lion is _____ king of beasts.

d) You are _____ fool to say that.

e) The children found _____ egg in the nest.

THE WEDDING PROCESSION OF THE RAGDOLL AND THE BROOM HANDLE AND WHO WAS IN IT

The Wedding Procession of the Rag Doll and the Broom Handle and Who Was in It by Carl Sandburg The Rag Doll had many friends. The Whisk Broom, the Furnace Shovel, the Coffee Pot, they all liked the Rag Doll very much.

But when the Rag Doll married, it was the Broom Handle she picked because the Broom Handle fixed her eyes.

A proud child, proud but careless, banged the head of the Rag Doll against a door one day and knocked off both the glass eyes sewed on long ago. It was then the Broom Handle found two black California prunes, and fastened the two California prunes just where the eyes belonged. So then the Rag Doll had two fine black eyes brand new. She was even nicknamed Black Eyes by some people. There was a wedding when the Rag Doll married the Broom Handle. It was a grand wedding with one of the grandest processions ever seen at a rag doll wedding. And we are sure no broom handle ever had a grander wedding procession when he got married.

Who marched in the procession? Well, first came the Spoon Lickers. Every one of them had a tea spoon, or a soup spoon, though most of them had a big table spoon. On the spoons, what did they have? Oh, some had butter scotch, some had gravy, some had marshmallow fudge. Everyone had something slickery sweet or fat to eat on the spoon. And as they marched in the wedding procession of the Rag Doll and the Broom Handle, they licked their spoons and looked around and licked their spoons again.

Next came the Tin Pan Bangers. Some had dishpans, some had frying pans, and some had potato peeling pans. All the pans were tin with tight tin bottoms. And the Tin Pan Bangers banged with knives and forks and iron and wooden bangers on the bottoms of the tin pans. And as they marched in the wedding procession of the Rag Doll and the Broom Handle they banged their pans and looked around and banged again.

Then came the Chocolate Chins. They were all eating chocolates. And the chocolate was slippery and slickered all over their chins. Some of them spattered the ends of their noses with black chocolate. Some of them spread the brown chocolate nearly up to their ears. And then as they marched in the wedding procession of the Rag Doll and the Broom Handle they stuck their chins in the air and looked around and stuck their chins in the air again.

Then came the Dirty Bibs. They wore plain white bibs, checker bibs, stripe bibs, blue bibs and bibs with butterflies. But all the bibs were dirty. The plain white bibs were dirty, the checker bibs were dirty, the stripe bibs, the blue bibs and the bibs with butterflies on them, they were all dirty. And so in the wedding procession of the Rag Doll and the Broom Handle, the Dirty Bibs marched with their dirty fingers on the bibs and they looked around and laughed and looked around and laughed again.

Next came the Clean Ears. They were proud. How they got into the procession nobody knows. Their ears were all clean. They were clean not only on the outside but they were clean on the inside. There was not a speck of dirt or dust or muss or mess on the inside nor the outside of their ears. And so in the wedding procession of the Rag Doll and the Broom Handle, they wiggled their ears and looked around and wiggled their ears again.

a) How did Rag Doll lose her eyes?

b) Who fixed Rag Doll's eyes?

c) What are Rag Doll's eyes made of now?

d) What was Rag Doll's nickname?

e) Why was there a procession?

(10)

Hindi

प्र० 1. निम्नलिखित विषयों में से किसी एक विषय पर 10–15 पंक्तियों का निबंध लिखिए :-

(15)

Write about 10-15 lines on any one of the following topics:-

- (1) बढ़ते प्रदूषण ने पूरे विश्व के लिए संकट उत्पन्न कर दिया है। आप इस बढ़ते प्रदूषण को रोकने के लिए क्या उपाय अपनाएँगे व इसकी रोकथाम के लिए अन्य लोगों को कैसे प्रोत्साहित करेंगे ?
- (2) जब मैं पहली बार विदेश गया ।
- (3) व्यायाम का महत्व ।
- (4) समाचार पत्रों का हमारे जीवन में क्या महत्व है ? इनसे हमें कौन-कौन सी महत्वपूर्ण जानकारियाँ प्राप्त होती है ? आपको समाचार पत्र में कौन सा कॉलम सबसे अधिक पसंद है व क्यों ?

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

प्र0 2. निम्नलिखित अनुच्छेद को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर उसके नीचे लिखे प्रश्नों के उत्तर अपने शब्दों में लिखिए :- (15)

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions in your own words:-

मॉस्को में बहुत कुछ देखने लायक है, जैसे – अनेक संग्रहालय, आर्ट गैलरी, लेनिन पुस्तकालय, बड़े क्षेत्र में फैली प्रदर्शनी और वहाँ के स्मारक। किंतु बोरोदीना पैनोरमा देखकर आँखों पर विश्वास नहीं होता। सन् 1812 में जब नेपोलियन जीतता चला आ रहा था, तो उसने मॉस्को पर भी अधिकार कर लिया था, लेकिन रूसी फौजों ने बड़ी वीरता का परिचय दिया। नेपेलियन को मुँह की खानी पड़ी। उसी की याद में पैनोरमा भवन बनाया गया था। काँच और एल्युमीनियम से बेलन के आकार में बने पैनोरमा भवन में खड़े होकर ऐसा लगता है, जैसे हम लड़ाई के मैदान में खड़े हैं। जहाँ तक निगाह जाती है – चारों ओर लड़ाई का दृश्य नज़र आता है। उसे शब्दों में नहीं बाँध सकते।

1. पैनोरमा भवन किससे बना है और यह किस आकार का है ? वहाँ खड़े होकर कैसा लगता है ? (4)

.....

.....

.....

2. पैनोरमा भवन किसकी याद में बनाया गया है ? (3)

.....

.....

.....

3. आर्ट गैलरी और लेनिन पुस्तकालय कहाँ स्थित हैं ? (2)

.....

.....

.....

4. नेपोलियन को मुँह की क्यों खानी पड़ी ? (3)

.....

.....

.....

5. गैलरी किस भाषा का शब्द है ? (सही उत्तर के सामने सही का निशान लगाइए) (1)

- | | | | |
|-----------|--------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|
| (1) हिंदी | <input type="checkbox"/> | (2) संस्कृत | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| (3) उर्दू | <input type="checkbox"/> | (4) अंग्रेजी | <input type="checkbox"/> |

6. 'अधिक' का विलोम क्या होगा ? (सही उत्तर के सामने सही का निशान लगाइए) (1)

(1) कम (2) ज्यादा

(3) अल्प (4) घटता

7. 'वीरता' का विलोम क्या होगा – (सही उत्तर के सामने सही का निशान लगाइए) (1)

(1) बहादुर (2) कायरता

(3) डरपोक (4) साहसी

प्र0 3. नीचे दिए गए चित्र को ध्यान से देखिए और उसके विषय में तीन वाक्य लिखिए :- (3)



.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

प्र0 4. निम्नलिखित वाक्यों में रेखांकित शब्दों के लिंग बदलकर पूरे वाक्य फिर से लिखिए :-

(2)

Change the genders of the underlined words in the following sentences and rewrite the complete sentences:-

1. सेठ जी ने नौकर को काम पर रख लिया।

.....

2. लेखक ने एक सुंदर पुस्तक की रचना की।

.....

प्र0 5. निम्नलिखित वाक्यों में रेखांकित शब्दों के वचन बदलकर पूरे वाक्य फिर से लिखिए :- (2)

Change the numbers of the underlined words in the following sentences and rewrite the complete sentences:-

1. छत पर कपड़े सूख रहे हैं।

.....

2. सीता अपनी सखी के साथ खेलने लगी।

.....

प्र0 6. निम्नलिखित वाक्यों के सामने कोष्ठक में दिए गए शब्दों में से उचित शब्द चुनकर रिक्त स्थानों की पूर्ति कीजिए - (4)

Fill in the blanks by using the correct words given in the brackets -

1. किसान से खेत जोतता है। (ट्रैक्टर, टर्कटर)
2. होली में रंगों से ही खेलना चाहिए। (प्रकृति, प्राकृतिक)
3. महादेवी वर्मा एक कुशल थी। (कवियत्री, कवयित्री)
4. भारत में अधिकांश लोग में निवास करते हैं। (गाँवों, गांवों)

प्र0 7. निम्नलिखित वाक्यों को कोष्ठक में दिए गए काल के अनुसार बदलकर फिर से लिखिए :- (2)

Rewrite the following sentences according to the Tense given in the brackets:-

1. छात्र पढ़ रहे हैं। (भूतकाल)
2. तूलिका नाच रही थी। (भविष्यत काल)

प्र0 8. पंक्ति (1) में कुछ शब्द दिए गए हैं जो पंक्ति (2) के शब्दों के पर्यायवाची शब्द हैं। पंक्ति (1) में से उचित पर्यायवाची शब्द छाँटकर पंक्ति (2) के शब्दों के सामने लिखिए :- (4)

Choose the correct synonyms from (1st line) and write them in front of the words given in (2nd line):-

(1)	ड.	टाकाश	इच्छा	मित्र
(2)	सखा—	कामना—	गगन—	तरु—

प्र0 9. निम्नलिखित वाक्य में रेखांकित शब्दों के विलोम शब्द लिखकर पूरा वाक्य फिर से लिखिए :- (1)

Write the opposite words of the underlined words in the following sentences and rewrite the complete sentence:-

कहा जाता है कि स्वर्ग में देवता रहते हैं।

.....

प्र010. निम्नलिखित अशुद्ध वाक्यों को शुद्ध करके पूरे वाक्य फिर से लिखिए :- (2)

Correct the following incorrect sentences and rewrite them:-

1. सूत कातते थे चरखे पर गांधी जी।

.....

2. सोना बहुत हो गया है महँगा आजकल।

.....

Mathematics

Q1. Write the following numbers in words. (3)

- a) 10000100 b) 111.009

Q2. Identify the place value of 9 in the given numbers (3)

- a) 229.008 b) 2.2908

Q3. Convert the following as directed in the bracket (3)

- a) $\frac{31}{7}$ (mixed numeral) b) $4\frac{3}{5}$ (improper fraction)

Q4. Find the value of 60% of $\frac{20}{3}$ (3)

Q5. Write the following ratio in the simplest form (3)

- a) 24 : 2dozen b) 30minute : 3 hours

Q6. Represent $\frac{7}{8}$ on a number line (3)

Q7. Find the HCF of 20, 40 and 60 (3)

Q8. Find the LCM of 15, 18 and 24 (3)

Q9. Simplify $4.2 \div 2 - 3(2+3-1)$ (3)

Q10. Find the value of the following (3)

a) $\frac{3}{7} + \frac{4}{5}$

b) 30.05×0.01

Q11. In an orchard there are 500 plants, out of which 45% are of mango and rest of apples. Find the following. (5)

- a) Percentage of apple plants
- b) No of mango plants
- c) No. of apple plants
- d) Ratio of apple and mango plants
- e) Difference of mango and apple plants

Q12. a) Draw a line $AB = 7.5$ cm

b) Draw an equilateral triangle and label it

(5)

Q13. Match the column

(5)

S. No.	A	B	Answer
a)	Three sided figure with all sides unequal	Ray	
b)	Four sided figure with Opposite sides equal	Circle	
c)	Geometrical figure with no end point	Scalene triangle	
d)	Solid figure with all six faces same	Parallelogram	
e)	Geometrical figure with no edge	Cube	

Q14. Complete the following

(5)

- _____ is the smallest prime number.
- Multiples of a number are _____.
- $0/2 =$ _____.
- _____ angle is greater than 180° but less than 360°
- _____ is the only geometrical figure which has no dimension.

SCIENCE

Attempt all the questions:-

Q1. Tick the correct answer

(5)

- 1) Plants give
a) Food b) stones c) dispersal
- 2) An animal with fur or hair and fed with mother's milk
a) Mammal b) reptiles c) amphibians
- 3) Molecules are made of
a) atoms b) element c) protons
- 4) He was known as Birdman of India
a) Edward Jenner b) Salim Ali c) Rakesh Sharma
- 5) Anemia is caused due to deficiency of
a) iron b) blood c) calcium
- 6) Light coming from objects passes through the
a) coecil b) cecile c) cornea
- 7) Measles is spread through
a) air b) direct contact c) water
- 8) The meaning of red light in traffic signals is
a) stop b) ready c) go
- 9) A liquid in which a solid dissolves is called
a) Solute b) solution c) solvent
- 10) The joint between two vertebrae is called a
a) Gliding joint b) pivot joint c) hinge joint

Q2. Complete the series

(5)

- a) Winter : _____ :: Summer : cotton clothes
- b) Herbivores : plants :: carnivores : _____
- c) Ribcage: lungs :: Vertebral column: _____
- d) _____ : solvent::solute: solid
- e) _____ : fins:: :: birds : wings

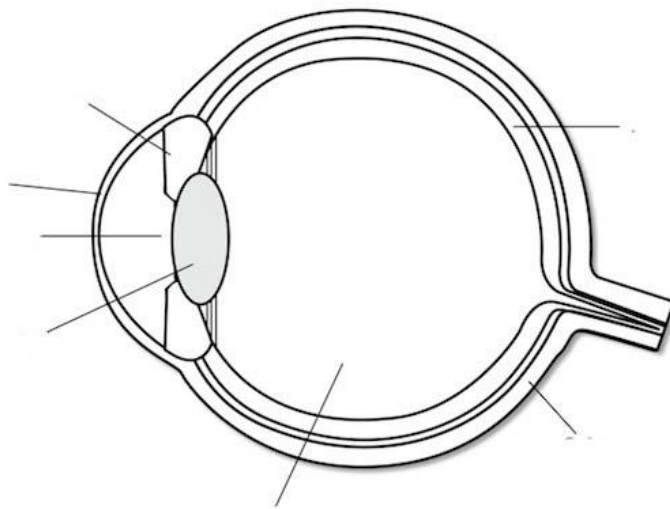
Q3. Answer in one word

(5)

- a) Particles that settle down are called _____
- b) Frog is an _____
- c) In this change a new substance is formed _____
- d) This moves with the help of webbed feet _____
- e) Bees have a long coiled sucking tongue called _____

Q4. Label any 5 in this picture of a human eye

(5)



Q5 Draw a well labeled diagram of a human brain

(5)