



Kāsiga School

Sample Question Paper

English

Hindi

Math

Science

For admission to class 5

Time: 90 minutes

Total: 200 marks

ENGLISH

Q1. Read the passage given below and answer the following questions. (8)

The Stonecutter

Once upon a time there lived a stonecutter, who went every day to a great rock on the side of a big mountain and cut out slabs for gravestones or for houses. He understood very well the kinds of stones required for the different purposes and as he was a careful workman he had plenty of customers. For a long time he was quite happy and contented and asked for nothing better than what he had. Now in the mountain dwelt a spirit which now and then appeared to men and helped them in many ways to become rich and prosperous. The stonecutter, however, had never seen this spirit and only shook his head, with an unbelieving air, when anyone spoke of it.

One day the stonecutter carried a gravestone to the house of a rich man and saw there all sorts of beautiful things, of which he had never even dreamed. Suddenly his daily work seemed to grow harder and heavier and he said to himself: "Oh, if only I were a rich man, and could sleep in a bed with silken curtains and golden tassels, how happy I should be!" And a voice answered him: "Your wish is heard; a rich man you shall be!"

At the sound of the voice the stonecutter looked around, but could see nobody. He thought it was all his fancy, and picked up his tools and went home, for he did not feel inclined to do any more work that day. But when he reached the little house where he lived, he stood still with amazement, for instead of his wooden hut was a stately palace filled with splendid furniture.

Questions:

1. Where did the stone cutter go every day?

2. Who dwelt in the mountains and what did it do?

3. What did the stonecutter find when he reached his home?

4. Choose the correct answer

1. For a long time the stonecutter was _____

- a. sad and unhappy
- b. happy and contented .
- c. dissatisfied and terrible .
- d. annoyed and arrogant

2. The man picked up his _____ and went home

- a. shoes
- b. hammer.
- c. tools.
- d. axe

Q4. Match the adjectives to the right nouns

(5)

E.g. old man

- | | |
|-------------|----------|
| 1. loud | monument |
| 2. ancient | dancer |
| 3. graceful | music |
| 4. wise | book |
| 5. new | king |

Q5. Put a circle around the verbs that mean the same in each word set

(6)

E.g. sad unhappy pleased sleep

- | | | | | |
|----|-------|---------|----------|--------|
| 1. | drop | fall | draw | crash |
| 2. | cry | sell | sob | weep |
| 3. | cook | fry | roast | hop |
| 4. | fight | quarrel | struggle | boogie |
| 5. | catch | throw | grab | seize |
| 6. | watch | build | stare | gaze |

Q6. Write the word to the opposite to the meaning of:

(5)

E.g. open shut

- | | |
|------------|-------|
| 1. long | |
| 2. happy | |
| 3. throw | |
| 4. foolish | |
| 5. cry | |

Q7. Write two Proper Nouns for each of the following category:

(6)

E.g. Shampoo – Dove and Sunsilk

1. Book
2. Mountains
3. Cities
4. Holy books
5. Oceans
6. Boys

Q8. Fill in the correct Preposition:

(5)

E.g. The cat hid under the table.

1. The _____ the room.
2. Give this pen _____ Ravi.
3. What is the time _____ your watch
4. It is unsafe to run _____ a crowded street
5. It is a holiday _____ Monday

हिन्दी

सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर देना अनिवार्य है। सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर दिए गए रिक्त स्थान में ही लिखें।

प्रश्न 1. नीचे दिए गए गद्यांश को ध्यान से पढ़कर दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए : (10)

पुस्तकालय का अर्थ है—पुस्तकें रखने का घर अर्थात् जहाँ एक ही जगह पर एक साथ बहुत सारी पुस्तकें रखी जाती हैं। हर स्कूल और कॉलेज में पुस्तकालय होता है। जो स्कूल और कॉलेज नहीं जाते या अपनी पढ़ाई पूरी करके नौकरी करते हैं, उन लोगों के लिए भी पुस्तकालय होता है। इसे पब्लिक लाइब्रेरी कहा जाता है। पुस्तकालय में न केवल पुस्तकें होती हैं, बल्कि अखबार, पत्र-पत्रिकाएँ आदि भी होती हैं। लोग पुस्तकालय में बैठकर अपनी मनपसंद पुस्तकें, पत्र-पत्रिकाएँ अखबार आदि पढ़ते हैं। यहाँ शोर नहीं होता।

उदाहरण

प्रश्न—पुस्तकालय का क्या अर्थ है?

उत्तर—पुस्तकालय का अर्थ है—पुस्तकों का घर।

क) पुस्तकालय कहाँ-कहाँ होता है?

ख) पब्लिक लाइब्रेरी किन के लिए होती है?

ग) पुस्तकालय में पुस्तकों के अलावा क्या-क्या होता है ?

घ) लोग पुस्तकालय में क्या करते हैं ?

ड) गद्यांश में आए निम्नलिखित शब्दों के एक वचन लिखिए:

पुस्तकें, पत्रिकाएँ

प्रश्न 2—निम्नलिखित वाक्यों में रेखांकित शब्दों के लिंग बदलकर पूरे वाक्य फिर से लिखिए: (2)

1— बालक खेल रहा है।

2— आज हिंदी के अध्यापक नहीं आए।

प्रश्न 3—निम्नलिखित वाक्यों में रेखांकित शब्दों के वचन बदलकर पूरे वाक्य फिरसे लिखिए:

1— मैदान में बच्चा खेल रहा है। (2)

2— अलमारी में सुंदर साड़ी रखा है।

प्रश्न 3— निम्नलिखित वाक्य को शुद्ध करके फिर से लिखिए:

1— पेड़ पर से फल गिर रहे हैं। (1)

MATHEMATICS

Q1. Write the following numbers in number names as per the Indian System of numeration

(3)

a) 33,88,99,160 _____

b) 3,16,20,100 _____

Q2. Write the following numbers in number names as per the International System of numeration

(3)

a) 8,618,309 _____

b) 3,089,583 _____

Q3. Write in ascending order

(2)

a) 5235; 5674; 5107; 5804; 2435

b) 3215; 1845; 7157; 6004; 2315

Q4. Write in descending order

(2)

a) 4035; 5654; 6900; 5854; 3185

b) 6076; 1475; 5817; 5114; 3045

Q5. Write the face value and place value of the underlined digits (3)

a) 34,41,965 face value _____ place value

b) 55,22,678 face value _____ place value

Q6. Do as directed: (4)

Rough work can be done in the space provided on the right side of your sheet

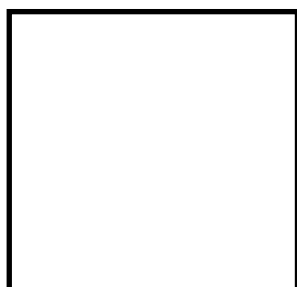
- a) Write the greatest 6- digit number _____
- b) Write the smallest 8- digit number _____
- c) Find the difference between 91284 and 60067 _____
- d) Write any five factors of 60 _____
- e) List the prime numbers between 19 and 27 _____
- f) Write in decimal form $76/100$ _____
- g) The simplest form of $40/50$ is _____
- h) Mixed number for the fraction $9/5$ is _____

Q7. Solve the following word problems: (6)

a) Himesh had Rs 9,237. He spent Rs 3,654 out of it. How much money is he left with?

b) The cost of 6 pens is Rs 726. Find the cost of 1 pen.

c) Here is a square. Its one side is 10 cm. Find its Area.



SCIENCE

Q1. Fill in the blanks with correct answers:

(10)

- a) Flesh eating animals are called _____.
- b) Tortoise and lizards are _____
- c) _____ is a young one of a frog
- d) _____ protects the brain
- e) The sun and the eight planets belong to the family called _____.
- f) The temperature at which a solid changes to liquid is called the _____.
- g) Animals that live in water are called _____.
- h) Milk is rich in _____
- i) Name the closest planet to the sun _____
- j) The red planet _____

Q2. Tick the correct answer-

(3)

- i) Which of the following describe water in the solid state?
 - a) Hail
 - b) Water vapour
 - c) Rain
- ii) Ducks flying south for the winter is an example of-
 - Migration
 - Evaporation
 - Condensation
- iii) A tree frog is green so it can hide in trees. This is an example of
 - Hibernation
 - Mimicry
 - Camouflage
- iv) Traffic light of which colour tells us to stop?
 - Red
 - Yellow
 - Green
- v) Which of these requires force?
 - Sitting
 - Kicking the ball
 - Watching TV
- vi) A gentle wind is called
 - a) Breeze
 - b) Storm
 - c) Thunder

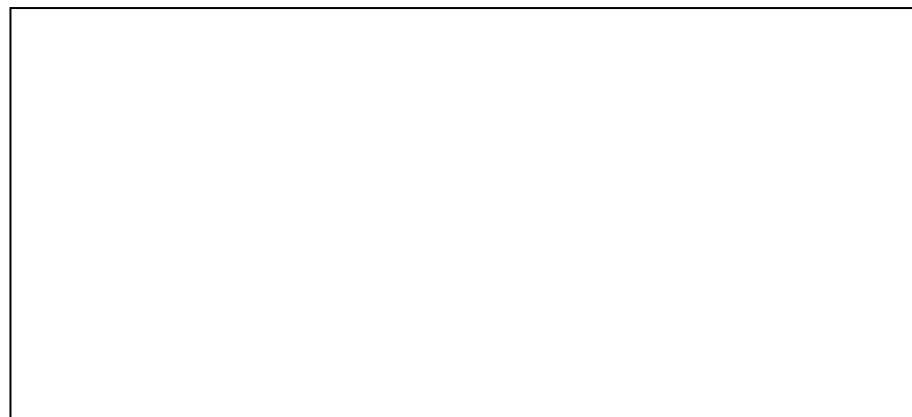
Q3. Give two examples for each of the following: (3)

- a) Mammals _____
- b) Sources of energy _____
- c) Chemical Change _____

Q4. Answer the following questions in about 30-40 words. (2)

a) Define Photosynthesis.

Q5. Draw a picture of food that is rich in proteins (2)



Q6. Label the give diagram using the clues given: (5)

